## Student Edition Pages 322-327

## Parallel and Perpendicular Lines

**Practice** 

Determine whether the graphs of each pair of equations are parallel, perpendicular, or neither.

1. 
$$y = 3x + 4$$
  
 $y = 3x + 7$ 

2. 
$$y = -4x + 1$$
  
 $4y = x + 3$ 

3. 
$$y = 2x - 5$$
  
 $y = 5x - 5$ 

4. 
$$y = -\frac{1}{3}x + 2$$
  
 $y = 3x - 5$ 

5. 
$$y = \frac{3}{5}x - 3$$
  
5 $y = 3x - 10$ 

**6.** 
$$y = 4$$
  $4y = 6$ 

7. 
$$y = 7x + 2$$
  
 $x + 7y = 8$ 

8. 
$$y = \frac{5}{6}x - 6$$
  
 $x + 5y = 4$ 

9. 
$$y = -\frac{3}{8}x - 9$$
  
 $y = \frac{8}{3}x + 3$ 

Write an equation in slope-intercept form of the line that is parallel to the graph of each equation and passes through the given point.

**10.** 
$$y = 3x + 6$$
; (4, 7)

11. 
$$y = x - 4$$
; (-2, 3)

11. 
$$y = x - 4$$
; (-2, 3) 12.  $y = \frac{1}{2}x + 5$ ; (4, -5)

13. 
$$y + \frac{2}{3}x = 3$$
; (-6, 1)

**13.** 
$$y + \frac{2}{3}x = 3$$
; (-6, 1) **14.**  $y - \frac{2}{5}x = -5$ ; (5, 3) **15.**  $y + 2x = 4$ ; (-1, 2)

15. 
$$y + 2x = 4$$
;  $(-1, 2)$ 

Write an equation in slope-intercept form of the line that is perpendicular to the graph of each equation and passes through the given point.

**16.** 
$$y = -5x + 1$$
; (2, -1)

**16.** 
$$y = -5x + 1$$
; (2, -1) **17.**  $y = 2x - 3$ ; (-5, 3)

18. 
$$4x + 7y = 3$$
;  $(-4, -7)$ 

19. 
$$3x - 4y = 2$$
; (6, 0)

**20.** 
$$y = -4x - 2$$
; (4, -4)

**20.** 
$$y = -4x - 2$$
; (4, -4) **21.**  $6x + 5y = -3$ ; (-6, 2)