Unit 8: Verbals

Lesson 47

Participles and Participial Phrases

A present participle is formed by adding -ing to a verb. It functions as the main verb in a verb phrase (used with forms of be) or as an adjective.

The lion was **roaring**. (present participle as main verb)
The **roaring** lion scared us. (present participle as adjective)

A **past participle** is usually formed by adding *-ed* to a verb. It functions as the main verb in a verb phrase (used with forms of *have*) or as an adjective.

The mystery had **baffled** the police. (past participle as main verb) The **baffled** police looked for clues. (past participle as adjective)

Do not confuse the past participle with the past form of a verb.

The drummer **joined** the band. (past form)
The drummer had **joined** the band. (past participle)

A participial phrase is a group of words that includes a participle and other words that complete its meaning. It is used as an adjective. A participial phrase can appear before or after the word it describes. Place the phrase as close as possible to the modified word to avoid unclear meaning.

Growling furiously, the bear clawed at the bars of its cage.

The insects mounted in this frame are part of a much larger collection.

Exercise 1	Underline each participle.	Write V (verb) or adj .	(adjective) in the blank to
indicate its us	se in the sentence.	# · · ·	

<u>adj.</u> The young campers had an <u>exciting</u> time.

- _____ 1. Mark Walker had invited Diego to join him and his parents on a wilderness trip.
 - __ 2. Diego had never camped before.
 - ____ 3. Arriving at the campsite, everyone helped put up the tents.
- _____ 4. Two pitched tents would be their homes for the next week.
 - ____ 5. Mr. Walker, inspecting their work, praised the boys for their efforts.
- _____ 6. While the adults were preparing supper, the boys went for a hike.
- ______ 7. The boys discovered a discarded set of antlers from a deer.

Scattering in all directions, the campers evaded the skunk.

- 1. Many campers tell about frightening encounters with skunks.
- 2. This animal, scampering along many wooded areas, lives only in the Western Hemisphere.
- 3. Skunks come in various sizes, depending on the type.
- 4. The striped skunk is the most common type.
- 5. It is a furry, black animal with white stripes radiating down its back.
- 6. In the daytime, sleeping skunks rest in underground dens.
- 7. Hunting at night, most skunks catch their own food.
- 8. Their diet consists mainly of small rodents, caterpillars, and other insects, but they also eat limited amounts of fruit and grain.
- 9. While out at night, wandering skunks sometimes surprise people.

- 10. The skunk is notorious for the foul, stinking liquid it sprays.
- 11. This liquid, called musk, comes from glands at the base of the tail.
- 12. Startled by a skunk, a person must remember to use caution.
- 13. Any alarmed person who sees a skunk should remain calm.
- 14. Running from the threat, many people scare the skunk.
- 15. Instinct causes a frightened skunk to spray.
- 16. The skunk will try to escape, spraying wildly.
- 17. It is very difficult to remove the stinking substance from clothes.
- 18. Soaked in tomato juice, clothes may begin to lose the smell.
- 19. However, the remaining odor usually lasts several days.
- 20. Experienced campers know to keep their distance from skunks and other wild animals.

► Exercise 3 Underline each participle or participial phrase. If it is used as an adjective, draw an arrow to the word it modifies.

Exploring the woods, the students saw many forms of life.

- 1. Springing from every spot, life fills a forest.
- 2. Both plants and animals exist in a balancing act of survival.
- 3. The crawling insects even have a role.
- 4. A complicated food web connects all the creatures to each other.
- 5. All the energy in an ecosystem is cycling continuously.
- 6. The interconnected food chain begins with plants of all sizes.
- 7. Plants called producers make their own food.
- 8. All around the world, plants are producing food from sunlight.
- 9. Called photosynthesis, this process is the main function of leaves.
- 10. Animals, being hunters, cannot produce food this way.
- 11. Eating the plants, many animals feed themselves.

Grammar

- 12. Plant-eating animals are primary consumers.
- 13. Other larger animals eat the smaller unprotected ones.
- 14. Hiking in the woods, we can see all types of creatures.
- 15. For example, one may see a raccoon living in a tree.
- 16. Evidence of the amazing diversity of life is everywhere.
- 17. It is sad to see this diversity threatened by a forest fire.
- 18. However, some controlled forest fires can be good.
- 19. Happening naturally, forest fires can be a beneficial part of nature.
- 20. Forest fires can remove dead trees that are just taking up space.
- 21. Removing trees, fires can allow new fields of grass to grow.
- 22. Replenishing the soil, the ashes from a fire provide fresh nutrients.
- 23. Unfortunately, humans are still starting forest fires.
- 24. In spite of fires, life is continuing to exist everywhere.
- 25. Many spirited animals escape the blazes and move to nearby land.
- 26. Sometimes a changing forest causes some populations to increase.
- 27. Large families of grazing deer continue to fill the land.
- 28. Running through the woods, deer are beautiful creatures.
- **29.** When they die, the remaining material decays.
- 30. Helping break down the remains of plants and animals, decomposers complete the food cycle.
- 31. These microscopic organisms constantly remove rotting material from the ecosystem.
- 32. These tiny organisms are serving a purpose in the forest.

Lesson 48

Gerunds and Gerund Phrases

A gerund is a verb form that ends in -ing and is used as a noun.

Traveling can be pleasant or tedious. (gerund as subject) Prilly dreaded moving. (gerund as direct object)

A gerund phrase is a group of words that includes a gerund and other words that complete its meaning.

Assigning the chores took longer than expected. (gerund phrase as subject) The family enjoyed fishing in the bayou. (gerund phrase as direct object)

Do not confuse gerunds with participles, which also end in -ing. They are distinguished by their function in a sentence.

Freddy is **coloring**. (participle as main verb) Maria thrived on the loving attention. (participle as adjective) Crying is not always a sign of sadness. (gerund as subject)

Exercise 1 Underline each gerund or gerund phrase.

Giggling uncontrollably is her way to show that she is nervous.

- 1. Gregor tremendously enjoyed showing his dogs.
- 2. Taking a long drive calms many people.
- 3. To buy the new bike, Ava began saving her money.
- 4. Cleaning the bathroom is a chore that almost no one enjoys.
- 5. Many people cannot stand waiting in long lines.
- 6. Hoping for the best is a healthy practice.
- 7. Walking is good exercise.
- 8. The state championships involved competing for the grand prize.
- 9. Donating money to charity was the purpose of the car wash.
- 10. Mina's father always liked encouraging the team.
- 11. Including others in games shows good sportsmanship.
- 12. Joining the navy has been Kofi's dream since childhood.
- 13. Adding and subtracting are necessary in division problems.

Grammar?

- 14. Mark began updating his existing computer file.
- 15. Rayna finished reading the book.
- 16. Leading the group is a harder job than I first thought.
- 17. Finding a bone in my fish sandwich caused me to lose my appetite.
- 18. Kareem studied fencing at the local gym.
- 19. Stimulating the frog's leg was the first step in the biology lab procedure.
- 20. Shedding tears can be a sign of both joy and sorrow.
- 21. Dana went to the studio to learn dancing.
- 22. Drinking and driving is a dangerous activity.
- 23. Eating is allowed only in the lobby.
- 24. Threading a needle takes steady hands.
- 25. Trading baseball cards is Elena's favorite hobby.
- 26. Coming home before ten is a house rule that Kenji never broke.
- 27. The mosquitoes finally stopped biting.
- 28. Wearing the itchy sweater bothered Maria.
- 29. The team started playing.
- 30. Uncle Howard enjoyed catching that large fish.
- 31. Winning the game was taking precedence.
- 32. Flying jets is a career I am considering.
- 33. The chopped tree began falling.
- 34. Carving the Thanksgiving turkey has been Grandpa's job for years.
- 35. I like learning about endangered species.
- 36. Shrinking the company's debt has been on the president's mind.
- 37. Creeping across the backyard is how my cat is sneaking up on birds.
- 38. Swimming the backstroke was the specialty of the athlete.
- 39. I enjoyed seeing my old friend.
- 40. I accept cleaning the garage as my weekend chore.

Lesson 46 Noun Clauses

A noun clause is a subordinate clause used as a noun. It may serve as a subject, direct object, predicate noun, or object of a preposition.

Whoever rides in a car should wear seat belts. (subject)
Claude said that he is watching television. (direct object)
Listening to tapes is how I learned Spanish. (predicate noun)
Please listen to what the director says. (object of a preposition)

WORDS THAT INTRODUCE NOUN CLAUSES

how however that what whatever when where which whichever

who whom whoever whomever whose why

► Exercise 1 Draw one line under each noun clause. Draw a second line under each word that introduces a noun clause.

You can read whichever book you like.

- 1. City Hall is where the parade begins.
- 2. I don't know which one I should choose.
- 3. Jamaal's little sister likes to do whatever he does.
- 4. When you reach the next grade level depends on how well you study.
- 5. Whoever needs a new locker should sign the sheet outside the office.
- 6. Our science teacher explained why the sun turns shades of pink and red at sunset.
- 7. The clerk said that this was the last sweatshirt in stock.
- 8. Can you please demonstrate how this computer works?
- 9. New York is where people of many nationalities live.
- 10. José couldn't add any facts to what had already been said.
- 11. However you want to arrange the living room furniture is okay with me.
- 12. He told me what he wanted for his birthday.
- 13. Whatever you want to eat is fine with me.
- 14. Do you remember when you tried to throw the ball all the way to home plate?

Class

Date

Name

Lesson 49 Infinitives and Infinitive Phrases

An **infinitive** is a verb form that uses the word *to* followed by the base form of a verb. It often functions as a noun, as either a subject or a direct object. An infinitive can also function as an adjective or adverb. When *to* is used as part of an infinitive, it is not a preposition.

To fly has been a dream of humans since ancient times. (infinitive as subject) Most people like to sing. (infinitive as direct object)
We rode the bus to the mall. (prepositional phrase)

An infinitive phrase is a group of words that includes an infinitive and other words that complete its meaning.

To keep one's promise is a sign of good character. (infinitive phrase)

► Exercise 1 Underline each infinitive or infinitive phrase.

I prefer to listen to music in my room.

- 1. Gary is practicing to become the best player ever.
- 2. The coach wants us to achieve good results.
- 3. We need to train our dog systematically.
- 4. The instructor asked me to stop the car.
- 5. To chew gum can be fun.
- 6. To keep the lead is difficult.
- 7. Who wants to go to the zoo?
- 8. The restaurant wants to satisfy its customers.
- 9. Ever since childhood, to train dolphins was her goal.
- 10. Harry wanted to begin the game on a good footing.
- 11. To ring the bell was her job.
- 12. His aunt wanted to buy him the book.
- 13. To feed a pet can lift one's spirits.
- 14. To sing in a rock band was Ann's goal.

rammar

- 15. To help Ben prepare the meal involves giving the cookbook to him.
- 16. My dog loves to ride in the car.
- 17. To think of the best way to the stadium was difficult.
- 18. Who wants to sit beside Grandma?
- 19. Before dinner, my father likes to ride his exercise bike.
- 20. To win the game would be a sweet victory.
- 21. On his way to school, Beka needs to make a left-hand turn.
- 22. To teach a class can be both difficult and fun.
- 23. To cook dinner will not take long.
- 24. To swing is a child's delight.
- 25. Sonia wants to pay for the ice cream.
- 26. Pedro loves to pop popcorn after school.
- 27. The lions hoped to spring at the hyenas.
- 28. To leave before the end of the show was rude.
- 29. To run in the Olympics was Jesu's dream.
- 30. To grow older is a natural part of life.
- 31. We all need to eat nutritious food.
- 32. The president proposed to cut taxes.
- 33. To do that math problem was our homework.
- 34. To know the secret is the key.
- 35. Who volunteers to drive to the movie?
- **36.** The officer told the students to be careful crossing the intersection.
- 37. Stuart learned to write poetry from his English teacher.
- 38. Feng Ying likes to grow geraniums in the window box.
- 39. To rise to the top is an energetic goal.
- 40. Barbie's goal is to win a gold medal at the Special Olympics.

DO	I need to finish my homework.
	1. I love to hug my collie.
	2. To act on a Broadway stage is one of Jenny's fondest dreams.
	3. To become a concert pianist requires hours of practice every day.
	4. To bake the perfect raspberry pie was one of Grandpa's talents.
	5. José needed to get his car at the gas station.
	6. Athletes must learn to lose gracefully.
	7. To reach the highest level in the video game is the purpose of finding the
	hidden passage.
	8. To write the article for the school paper took talent.
	9. To win the game is a real challenge.
1	0. Abdul hoped to find pictures of his great-grandparents.
1	1. We need to arrive at least two hours early.
<u> </u>	2. Dawit and Carmen wanted to raise the flag at the opening ceremonies.
1	3. To leave before the storm would be a smart idea.
1	4. The coaches planned to test the team's endurance.
1	5. To eat more than one piece of pie is greedy.
1	6. Micah and Jamal have learned to finish their homework before bedtime.
1	7. Wanting only a laugh, Enrique never intended to insult anyone.
1	B. The constant dripping of the faucet threatened to drive him insane.
1	9. To own real estate requires saving much money.
2	0. To run all the way to the edge of the park is exhausting.
2	1. All the boys wanted to join the choir.
2	2. I am trying to find photos of whales.
2	3. To win a soccer match takes teamwork.
2	1. To teach a large class requires much patience.

Name_

Class _____

__ Date _

Unit 8 Review

Exercise 1 Write in the blank part. (participle), ger. (gerund), or inf. (infinitive) to identify the italicized word or words.

part.		The unfinished pizza remained on the table.
	1:	Gazing at the sky, Emil imagined he could fly.
	2.	For her birthday, Will is giving his sister a new tape player.
	3.	Riding was the most popular activity at camp except for swimmin
	4.	To make the team requires both coordination and speed.
	5.	The entire family enjoys playing tennis.
	6.	Their new recording is selling very well.
12. 12. 12. 12. 12. 12. 12. 12. 12. 12.	, 7.	Marion had <i>prepared</i> for the piano recital.
	8.	The worried parents finally found the boy.
<u>. </u>	9.	The cousins all agreed to write to each other.
<u></u>	10.	We enjoy singing folk songs.
	11.	They planned to make the variety show an annual event.
	12.	We couldn't get out because of the car parked behind us.
	13.	Where did you learn to repair your bicycle?
	14.	Bounding down the stairway, the dog greeted its master.
 .	15.	Feeding the cats is Meg's daily chore.
- 15 - 200 - 1 0	16.	The carriage bouncing along the street was a collector's item.
•	17.	I began jogging around the track every day.
	18.	To err is human.
	19.	Reading between the lines is a hidden talent.
		V/ 100

20. Arthur found the cow grazing in the neighbor's vegetable garden.

Cumulative Review: Units 1-8

Exercise 1 Underline each prepositional phrase. Write adj. (adjective) or adv. (adverb) in the blank to identify the kind of phrase. Circle each coordinating, correlative, and subordinating conjunction.

adj.	The key to the neighbor's house was missing, but Derek had a spare.
	1. In the morning she was tired and cranky.
	2. I not only can remember the name of that substitute teacher, but also can

y-	
3. The realtor would not wait inside the house	because it was spooky.

4.	The hat	on the	elderly	lady's	head	was bo	oth b	izaire	and	charming.

 5.	Our swingset and birdbath	were damaged in yesterday's storm.
	O .	

	6.	The shark swam	around tl	he coral	reef when	the fishing	boat appeared.
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7.	Both st	rawberries	and	bananas	are	used	in	the	fruit	salac	ĺ.
		Tu Doilio	uzzu	Dandido	u.	about		LIIU	II UIL	ouruc	4

	R	The	first	room	on	the	left	ie	yours.
_	О.	1116	mst	TOOTH	UII	uie	rert	15	yours.

remember what he wore that day.

9.	The	people	became of	nuiet	before	the e	olfer	putted	on the	green.
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10	. All of th	e construction	workers	wore	yellow	hard	hats	and	heavy	work	boots.
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1	12.	My ne	w CD	player	will be	ready	by N	Monday (or T	iesday.

n <u></u>	13.	I loc	ked	into	the	clas	sroom	but	saw	nobo	dy	Ιk	cnew.

14. Ryan never drinks iced tea without lemon and sug		14.	Ryan never	drinks	iced	tea	without	lemon	and	suga
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	15.	They went fishing during the early	morning hours	since the weather wa
			•	
15		calmer.	•	S 1

16.	The wooden	fence	between	these	houses	needs	nails	and	paint.
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17. Although Mr. Wang coached the soccer to	eam,	most of his	time was spen
teaching health and physical education.	×	(g .)	

18. Eli	zabeth was	brave	during	the crisis,	but she	panicked	later
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тэ.	Onder	the bed	were a	WOITI S	moder	and a	ı giant	aust	pall

20. The lanky man with the black hair and the bushy beard is our math teacher.

Name	Class Date
	rite <i>con.</i> (concrete), <i>abst.</i> (abstract), <i>col.</i> (collective), or <i>comp.</i> (compound) dentify the type of noun in italics. Some nouns will fit more than one
con., col.	The team from Wilson Junior High won the debate.
	1. Checkers is one of the world's oldest board games.
2	2. Lianna Black had the original <i>idea</i> for the project.
	3. Our Siamese cat won a blue ribbon at last month's show.
4	. Many people are interested in learning about their past.
	5. The <i>crowd</i> at the State Theater anxiously awaited the opening performance.
6	3. Cole knew it was <i>time</i> to clean his room when he could no longer see his carpet.
	7. My best friend, Jen, hates <i>peanut butter</i> .
E	3. In the 1960s <i>audiences</i> were out of control at the Beatles' concerts.
	Our school library sold <i>bookmarks</i> to raise money for improvements.
10	. Alissa used her mechanical <i>skill</i> to fix her sister's bike.
11	The committee announced its decision to fire the district manager.
12	2. The jury listened carefully to the <i>cross-examination</i> of the witness.
·13	Ben's hope is that he will be able to visit Washington, D.C.
14	. Ms. Walker always stressed <i>creativity</i> for our journal assignments.
15	6. Clam chowder is a popular soup in New England.
	i. The class voted on which <i>videotape</i> to watch.
17	7. Stan called the <i>electrician</i> to connect the wiring in the basement.
18	3. As the sky began to darken, the <i>parade</i> proceeded down Main Street.
19	. We saw that the little boy was in <i>danger</i> , so we called the police.
20	During the peaceful protest, the courthouse steps were bathed in candlelight.

Exercise 3 Underline the verbal or verbal phrase. In the blank, write ger. (gerund),

part. (participle), or inf. (infinitive).

Class

Date

____ 17. The campers staying in the Will-o'-the-Wisp Cabins will wash the dishes

14. Inching its way through the driving snow, the taxi delivered my grandparents

____ **18.** I like to compose silly song lyrics.

from the airport.

tonight.

15. Scuba diving is a favorite sport in Bermuda.

____ **16.** Marlin plans to study marine biology in college.